

Kaletra



Generic Kaletra contains a combination of lopinavir and ritonavir. Lopinavir and ritonavir are antiviral medications that prevent human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) cells from multiplying in your body. Lopinavir and ritonavir (Kaletra) is a combination medicine used to treat HIV, which causes the acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). This medicine is not a cure for HIV or AIDS. In 2020, after laboratory researches, it was found out that Kaletra shows positive results in a blockage of a COVID-19 viral replication.

Active ingredient: [Lopinavir + Ritonavir](#)

Brand(s):Lopimune

Manufacturer: Cipla Limited

Disease(s):HIV

Kaletra 200mg + 50mg

	Per bottle	Per Pack	Order
1 bottles	\$ 299.95	\$ 299.95	Add to cart
Free AirMail shipping			
2 bottles	\$ 269.98	\$ 539.95 ~~\$599.90~~	Add to cart
Free AirMail shipping			

Lopinavir and ritonavir tablet

What is this medicine?

LOPINAVIR and RITONAVIR are antiviral medications that prevent human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) cells from multiplying in your body. Lopinavir and ritonavir (Kaletra) is a combination medicine used to treat HIV, which causes the acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). This medicine is not a cure for HIV or AIDS. Kaletra may also be used for purposes not listed in this medication guide.

What should my health care professional know before I take this medicine?

Serious drug interactions can occur when certain medicines are used together with lopinavir and ritonavir. Tell each of your healthcare providers about all medicines you use now, and any medicine you start or stop using.

Some medicines can cause unwanted or dangerous effects when used with Kaletra. Your doctor may need to change your treatment plan if you use any of the following drugs:

- alfuzosin;
- pimozide;
- rifampin;
- lovastatin, simvastatin;
- midazolam, triazolam;
- sildenafil (Revatio for pulmonary arterial hypertension);
- St. John's wort; or
- an ergot medicine (ergotamine, dihydroergotamine, methylergonovine).

To make sure Kaletra is safe for you, tell your doctor if you have:

