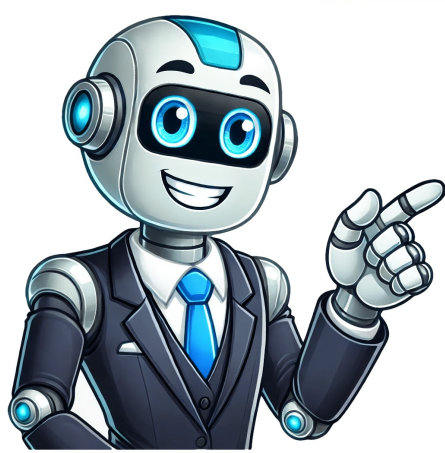


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Independence day speech in english free download

India's Independence Day is celebrated annually on August 15th, marking the country's struggle for independence from British colonial rule. The document discusses how India gained its freedom from the United Kingdom in 1947 and became a free and independent nation. The speech highlights the significance of this day, which also marks the anniversary of the partition of the subcontinent into two countries, India and Pakistan. India's rich cultural diversity has allowed it to thrive as a "melting pot" of traditions, where its people maintain an admirable balance of humanity. As the Indian Constitution states, India is now an independent nation that values sovereignty, secularism, and democracy. It is our responsibility, especially as young citizens, to uphold the pillars of virtue in this great nation. On Independence Day, a grand ceremony unfolds at Rajpath, with the Prime Minister proudly hoisting the Tricolour, marking the beginning of the celebration. The national anthem echoes through the air, and 21 guns are fired in tribute to our nation and its flag. Flowers shower from helicopters above, while the military showcases their skills in the March past parade. In schools, students participate in various programs, raising the Indian flag high, symbolizing the collective efforts of those who fought for freedom. We must pay homage to the courageous heroes who paved the way for future generations to live with dignity and liberty. Their sacrifices shall be forever remembered. We honor the bravery of our freedom fighters and soldiers, whose relentless fight led us to this moment of independence and unity. Justice, liberty, Unity, Equity, and Fraternity are the values that guide us towards a brighter tomorrow. May we weave a tapestry of growth, positivity, and hope for all, on this momentous occasion. As we gather today to commemorate the 77th anniversary of India's independence, let us pay tribute to the countless freedom fighters whose unwavering spirit has given us this free nation. We remember Mahatma Gandhi, Subhash Chandra Bose, and others who dedicated their lives to freeing our country from British rule. Their legacy is a testament to our collective strength. After independence, India achieved significant milestones. The right to vote was granted to every citizen, the railway network was nationalized, making it one of the world's largest, and Jawaharlal Nehru became the first Prime Minister of India after its first election in 1951. We have also made history in sports, with wins at the World Cup and Olympics. India continues to forge ahead, a beacon of hope for all nations. In this spirit, we celebrate our independence and recommit ourselves to upholding the virtues that make us strong. Looking forward to a brighter future with hope and determination as we move beyond our past and into a promising tomorrow. Our nation's commitment to excellence and innovation has yielded significant progress in various sectors, including education, science, technology, defense, IT, sports, and entrepreneurship. The implementation of the National Education Policy 2020 has brought about transformative changes, emphasizing critical thinking and creativity, while expanding digital learning platforms like DIKSHA to ensure accessibility to all. India's strides in space exploration with ISRO's Gaganyaan mission have marked a milestone, while innovations in AI, renewable energy, biotechnology, and defense technology position us as leaders globally. Our scientists and researchers continue to make groundbreaking discoveries, contributing to the global knowledge economy. The modernization of our defense forces has been a priority, with indigenous missile tests and advanced naval vessels commissioned. India's IT sector remains a powerhouse, driving innovation and economic growth, while initiatives to promote digital literacy and cybersecurity awareness strengthen our defenses against cyber threats. Our athletes have continued to shine on the international stage, and the rise of sports culture in the country has been commendable. Despite global challenges, India's economy has shown remarkable resilience, driven by entrepreneurship and policy reforms. Fostering national unity, addressing environmental concerns, and safeguarding democratic values are paramount for sustained progress. The digital divide poses a significant challenge, and cybersecurity threats must be addressed to protect our nation's interests. Adapting to global economic uncertainties and leveraging opportunities is crucial. As we look to the future, drawing inspiration from our past, we can commit ourselves to the ideals of our great nation. Working together, we can build an India that is strong, prosperous, and inclusive. The significance of Independence Day is commemorated on August 15th every year. Our nation gained independence from the British colonial rule after a long struggle. The bravery and sacrifice of our ancestors who fought for centuries are still remembered today. We pay tribute to those freedom fighters who laid down their lives for our liberty and rights. We celebrate this day with national pride and unity, cherishing the journey of our nation and upholding values like justice, liberty, and equality. As a nation, our diversity is our greatest strength. The sacrifices made by notable freedom fighters such as Mahatma Gandhi, Jawaharlal Nehru, and many others paved the way for our independence. We must work towards building a united and democratic nation. India's history is complex, with the British exploiting our resources while driving out other traders. The Battle of Plassey in 1757 marked their victory over French, Dutch, and Portuguese traders. Our ancestors' struggle for freedom is an inspiration to us all. Let us come together to celebrate this occasion and work towards a brighter future for our nation. Establishment of British Rule in India Sparked Rebellion and Struggle for Freedom The establishment of the British rule in India led to Mir Jafar being made a puppet Nawab of Bengal in exchange for the territory of 24 parganas. The discriminatory policies implemented by the British resulted in the Revolt of 1857, which marked the first organized resistance against the EIC. The revolt began with the sepoy of the EIC's army but later spread to various cities. However, the revolt failed due to limited participation and lack of leadership. After the revolt, power was transferred from the EIC to the crown. The path to independence from the British saw various movements such as the Non-cooperation movement, Khilafat movement, Civil Disobedience movement, and the Quit India movement. Behind India's independence lies the rebellions and movements carried out by many freedom fighters who fought with unwavering determination to achieve freedom for all. Notable freedom fighters included Mahatma Gandhi, Jawaharlal Nehru, Bhagat Singh, Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose, Lala Lajpat Rai, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Gopal Krishna Gokhale, Lokmanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Rani Laxmi Bai, Mangal Pandey, and countless others. On the eve of India's independence, Pandit Nehru gave a famous speech known as the 'Tryst with Destiny.' A notable quote from the speech was: "Long years ago we made a tryst with destiny, and now the time comes when we shall redeem our pledge, not wholly or in full measure, but very substantially." Selected August 14 as the date of power transfer ceremony in Pakistan since he wanted to attend ceremonies of both nations.